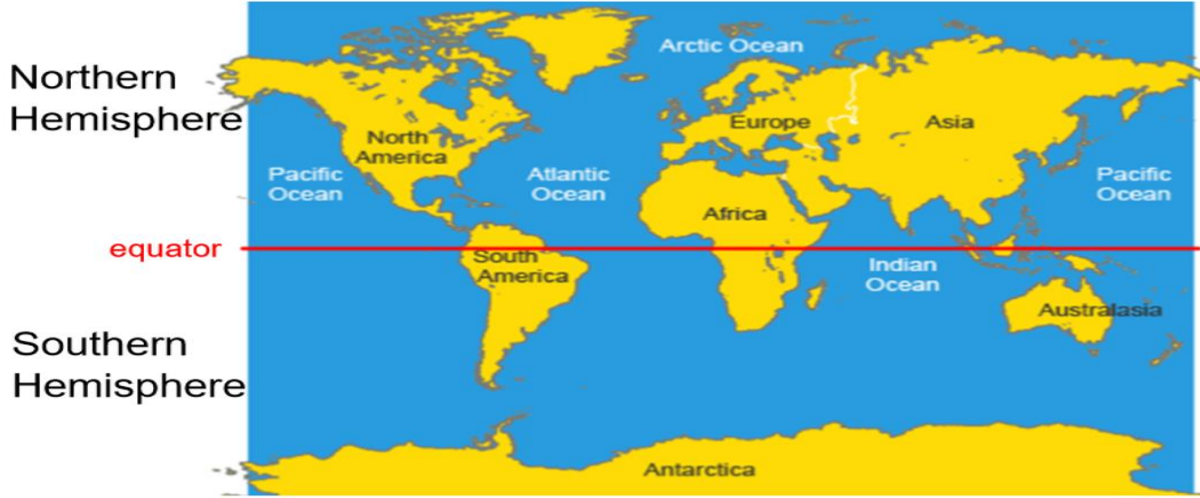
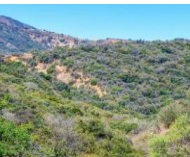
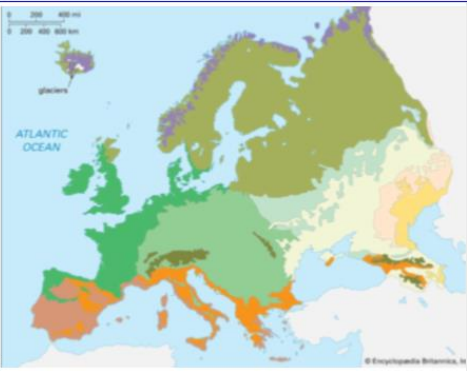
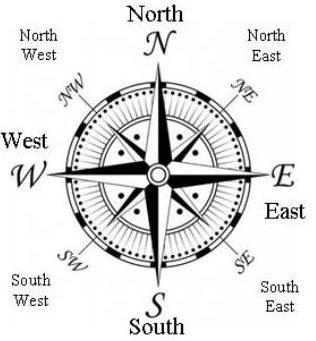
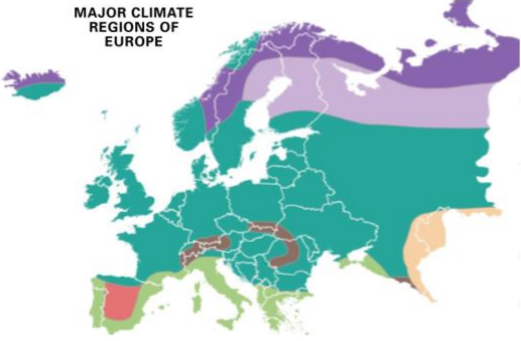


Subject: Geography		Unit: Europe	Year: 3
What do we know already: - The United Kingdom is part of the continent of Europe. - A continent is a very large area of land that is made up of many separate countries. - There are seven continents, Asia, Africa, Europe, North America, South America, Australia/Oceania, Antarctica. - Volcanoes and mountains are formed by the movement of tectonic plates.			
		What's next: - The names and locations of countries in Europe. - The capital cities of the countries in Europe. - The names and locations of major rivers in Europe. - The climate of vegetation belts in Europe. - The biomes in Europe. - Imports and exports to the Uk from Europe.	

Year 3: Europe		
Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
capital city continent country eastern Europe forest river mountain northern plant southern temperature weather western	alpine - a mountainous area usually above the tree line. altitude - the distance of something above sea level or the Earth's surface. boundary/ border - where two counties or regions or countries meet. climate - the weather conditions over time. They consider the amount of rain, sunlight and temperature. export - a good or service that is sent from one country to another for sale. glacier - a very large, thick mass of ice that stays frozen and can move. import - a product or service that is brought into a country from another country. valley - a low-lying area of land between hills or mountains trade - a way for countries to make money. Buying and selling things is called trade.	biome - the plant and animal life in an area. fjord - A long, narrow, deep inlet of the sea between high cliffs. grassland/ mediterranean - wide amounts of land filled with low growing plants such as grasses and wildflowers. taiga/ boreal forest - found in dry and cold places. They have coniferous trees. temperate/mixed forest -a type of forest where the weather isn't too hot or too cold. Trees usually lose their leaves in the autumn. tundra - a large area with no or little plant life. vegetation belt - the plant life in a certain area.

Environment & Sustainability		Economy & Trade	United Kingdom
Physical features Mountains Mountains provide natural borders between countries. Mountains in Europe: Pyrenees (boundary between Spain and France), Alps (the highest and longest mountain range that is located entirely in Europe. They spread across 8 countries). Fjords Fjords are found mainly in Norway, Chile, New Zealand, Canada, Greenland and Alaska. These are places that have glaciers, Fjords in Europe: Sognefjord (Norway) 127 miles long Rivers Rivers in Europe: Volga, Danube, Rhine, Loire, Severn Longest river in Europe: Volga (Russia) 2325 miles long. Longest river in the UK: The River Severn Volcanoes Mount Etna (Sicily, Italy), Mount Vesuvius (Italy), Fagradalsfjall (Iceland) Biomes  Tundra  Temperate or mixed forest  Grassland or Mediterranean  Taiga or boreal forest The altitude affects how much vegetation is grown. Higher altitudes are cold so fewer plants grow. Higher land also limits the animal of animal species. There are different types of forest. These include taiga/ boreal forest, rainforest, temperate/ mixed forest. Rainforests are not found in Europe. Tundra grassland / Mediterranean Temperate / mixed forest Taiga / boreal forest 		Rivers can be used for transport for people and goods and connect different parts of Europe together. The type of land in an area or country will depend on what it grows and imports and exports from the country. Food are exported from other parts of Europe to the UK. Exports to the UK *Grapes and olives– <i>Spain, Italy, Greece</i> They need hot places to grow. *Wood/ paper/ furniture- <i>Sweden, Germany, Finland</i> There are lots of dense forests in these parts. *Oil, Gas, fuel (for energy/ power)- <i>Russia and the places in the continent of Asia.</i> *Coal- <i>Germany, Poland, Turkey</i> *Corn- East and West Europe. Countries such as <i>Romania, France, Italy, Ukraine.</i> Corn cannot grow if it is too hot (South of Europe) or where it is too cold (North of Europe)	The United Kingdom is part of the continent of Europe. The UK is in Northern Europe. The mountains in Europe are much higher than the peaks in the United Kingdom. Many of the rivers in Europe are much bigger than in the United Kingdom. Europe & the rest of the world There are 46 countries in Europe and about 200 different languages are spoken. Europe is the 2nd smallest continent with a population of around 740 million people. The country with the biggest population is Russia. The smallest city in the world is Vatican city and can be found in Europe. Sweden, Norway and Finlay are known as Scandinavia but are still part of Europe. Some countries are landlocked and some countries have a coastline. When countries are landlocked, people live in all areas of the country. Where countries have access to the sea people tend to live closer to the coast. The higher the ground, the less populated it is.  There are 4 areas of Europe: Northern, Southern, Western and Eastern Europe.
Being a Geographer			
North West North North East West South West South South East East  MAJOR CLIMATE REGIONS OF EUROPE  desert subtropical temperate Highlands (depends on altitude) Polar warmer 			